

EMC of SPE-Connectors and Assemblies – Simulation and Measuring

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 - ◆ Application on double shielded STP cable with high screening effectiveness
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Standards SPE-Cables and -Connectors

Standard	Description
IEC 61156-11	Multicore and symmetrical pair/quad cables for digital communications - Part 11: Symmetrical single pair cables with transmission characteristics up to 1,25 GHz - Horizontal floor wiring - Sectional specification
IEC 61156-12	Multicore and symmetrical pair/quad cables for digital communications - Part 12: Symmetrical single pair cables with transmission characteristics up to 600 MHz - Work area wiring - Sectional specification
IEC 61156-13	Multicore and symmetrical pair/quad cables for digital communications - Part 13: Symmetrical single pair cables with transmission characteristics up to 20 MHz - Horizontal floor wiring - Sectional specification
IEC 61156-14	Multicore and symmetrical pair/quad cables for digital communications - Part 14: Symmetrical single pair cables with transmission characteristics up to 20 MHz – Work area wiring - Sectional specification
IEC 63171 series	Connectors for electrical and electronic equipment – Shielded or unshielded free and fixed connectors for balanced single- pair data transmission with current carrying capacity – General requirements and tests

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Motivation for Simulation

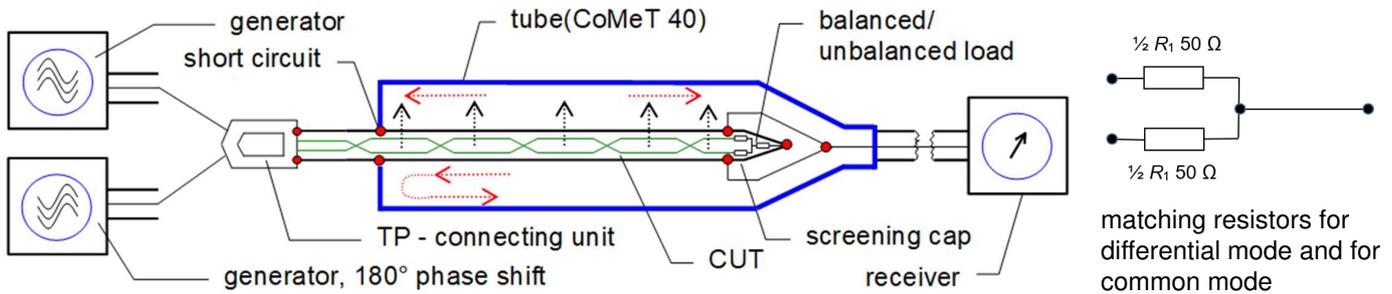
- Realistic representation of quantitative results to assess whether a design meets the requirements (standards). :
 - ◆ Screening attenuation a_s
 - ◆ Coupling attenuation a_c
 - ◆ Transfer impedance Z_T
- The visualization serves as input for product development :
 - ◆ Trouble spots
 - ◆ Regions with insufficient shielding

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Coupling Attenuation – Principle, IEC 62153-4-9

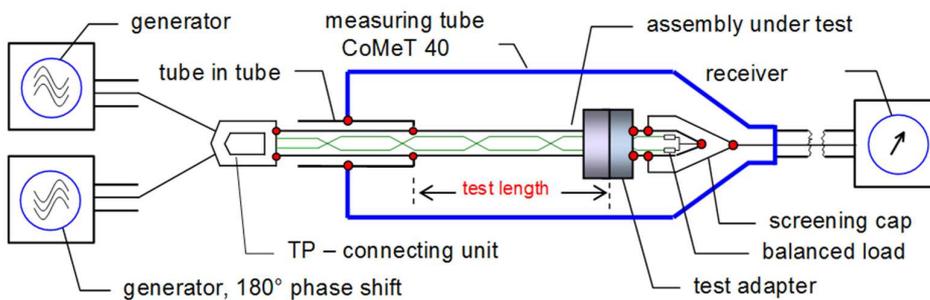
The **coupling attenuation** of balanced SPE cables is the superposition of the **Unbalance attenuation** of the pair and the **screening attenuation** of the screen (or screens).



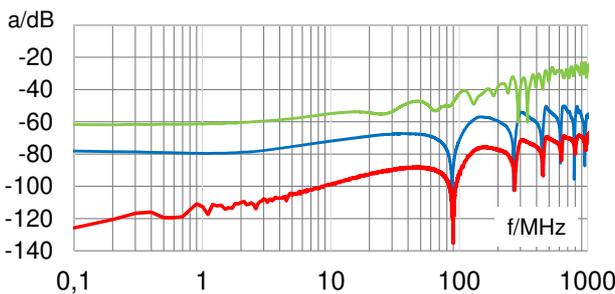
The balanced pair is fed with a 100 Ohm signal by two 50 Ohm generators with 180° phase shift (**virtual balun**). Energy couples from the “differential mode” into the “common mode” (**mode conversion**) and then from the “common mode” into the measuring tube (the outer circuit).

The short circuit at the near end causes a total reflection and the complete energy which coupled into the outer circuit is travelling to the receiver and is measured there.

Coupling Attenuation of Connectors & Assemblies

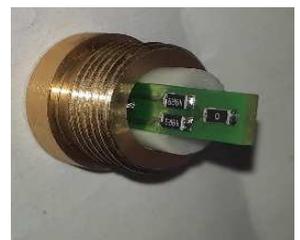


IEC 62153-4-7

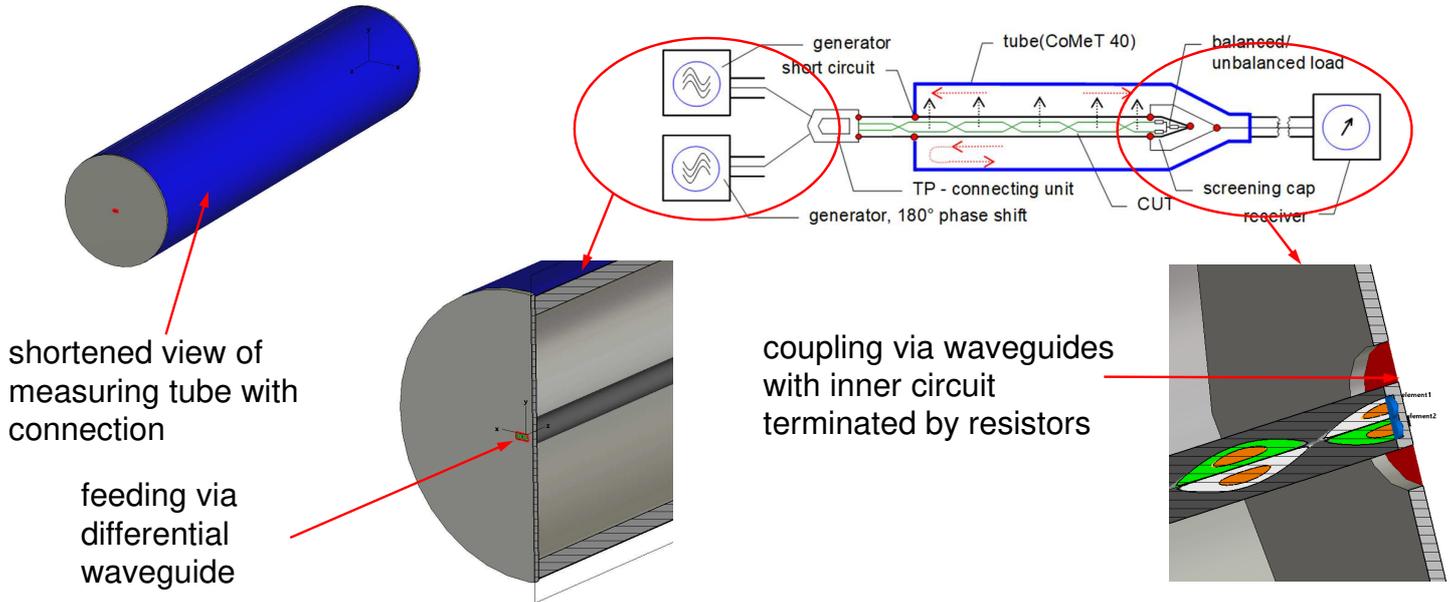


- Unbalance attenuation (TCL)
- Screening attenuation a_s
- Coupling attenuation a_c

typical test result of an SPE assembly

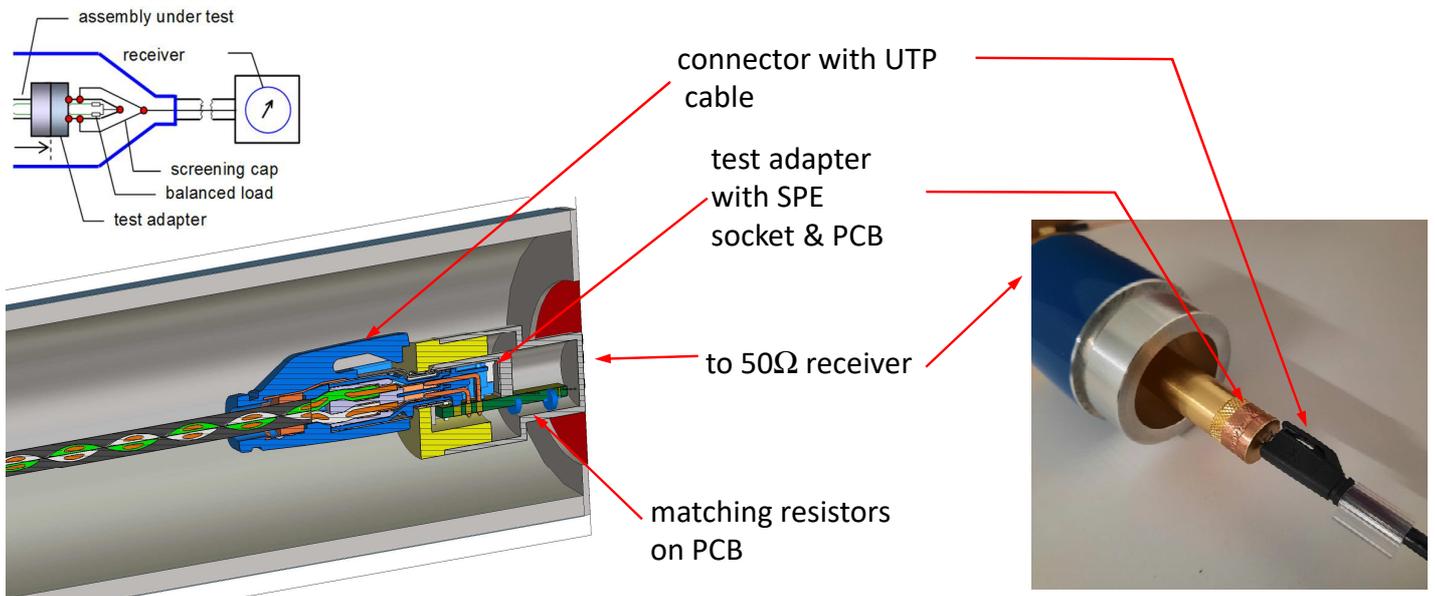


Model of Triaxial Test Set-up in Simulation Environment



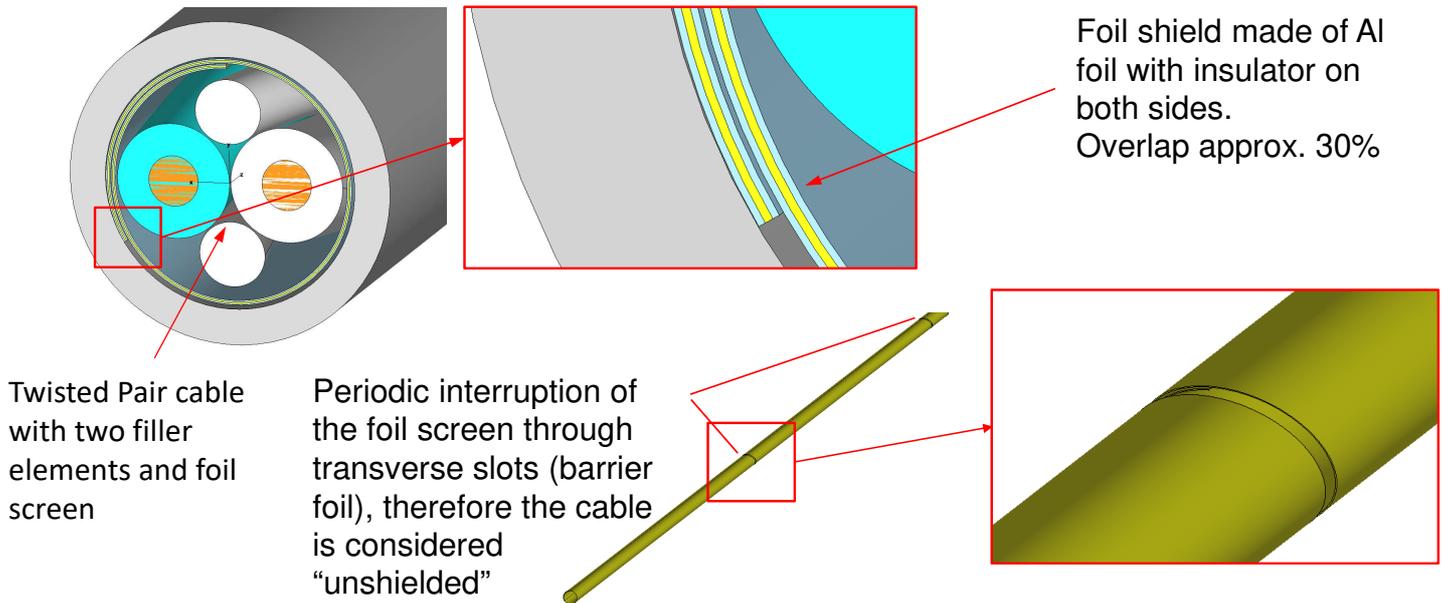
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Model for Measurement of a Connector



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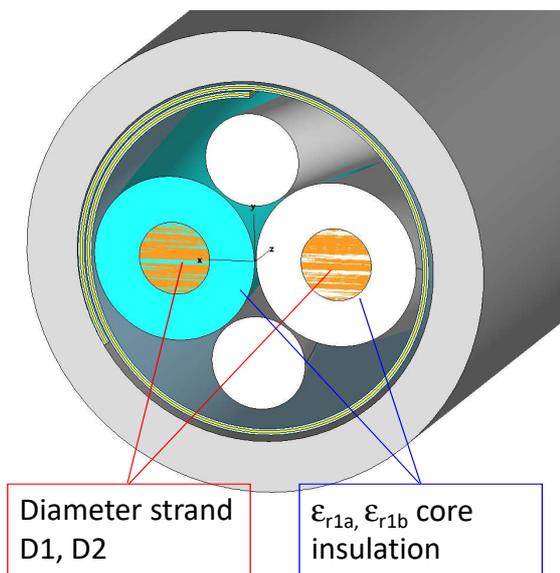
Example of an Unshielded Twisted Pair Cable (UTP)



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Worst Case Simulation



Variation of cable characteristics by two parameters:

- Diameter of strands D1, D2: $\pm 1.4\%$ from variation of ohmic resistance ($\pm 2\%$)
- Dielectric constant of cable jacket: $\epsilon_{r1a}, \epsilon_{r1b} \pm 0.05$ by estimation

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Calculations

Transverse conversion loss TCL as measure for balance/symmetrie of cable construction:

$$TCL = S_{cd11}$$

Coupling attenuation a_c , calculated by S-parameter S_{sd21}

$$a_c = -S_{sd21} + 10 \cdot \log_{10} \left| \frac{2 \cdot Z_S}{Z_0} \right|$$

$$a_c = -S_{sd21} + 7,78 \text{ dB}$$

where

S_{sd21} logarithmic value of the forward S-parameter for transmission;
Feeding of the in differential mode and measured single ended.

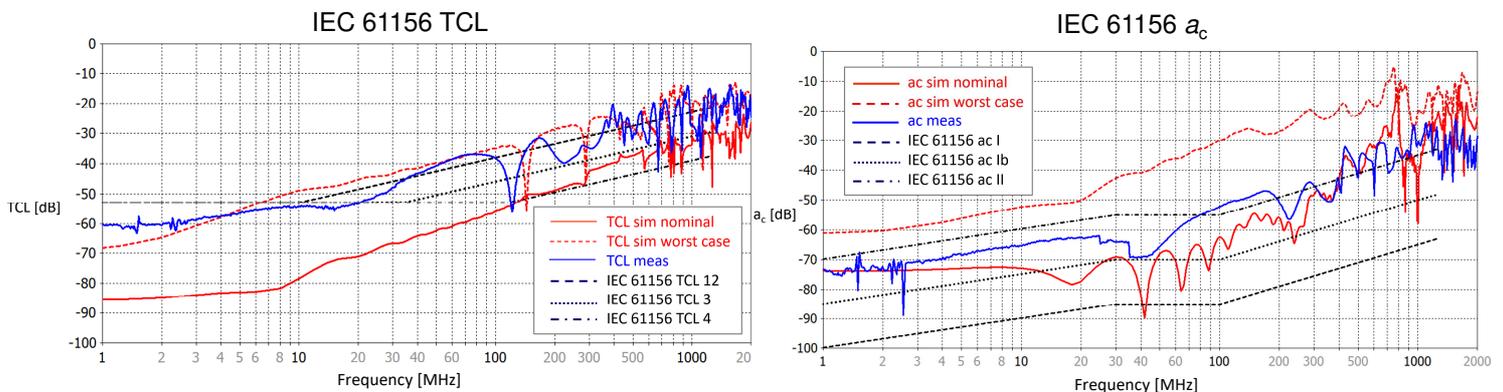
Z_S normalized value of characteristic impedance $Z_S = 150 \text{ Ohm}$

Z_0 system impedance

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Comparison Measurement – Simulation, TCL and a_c

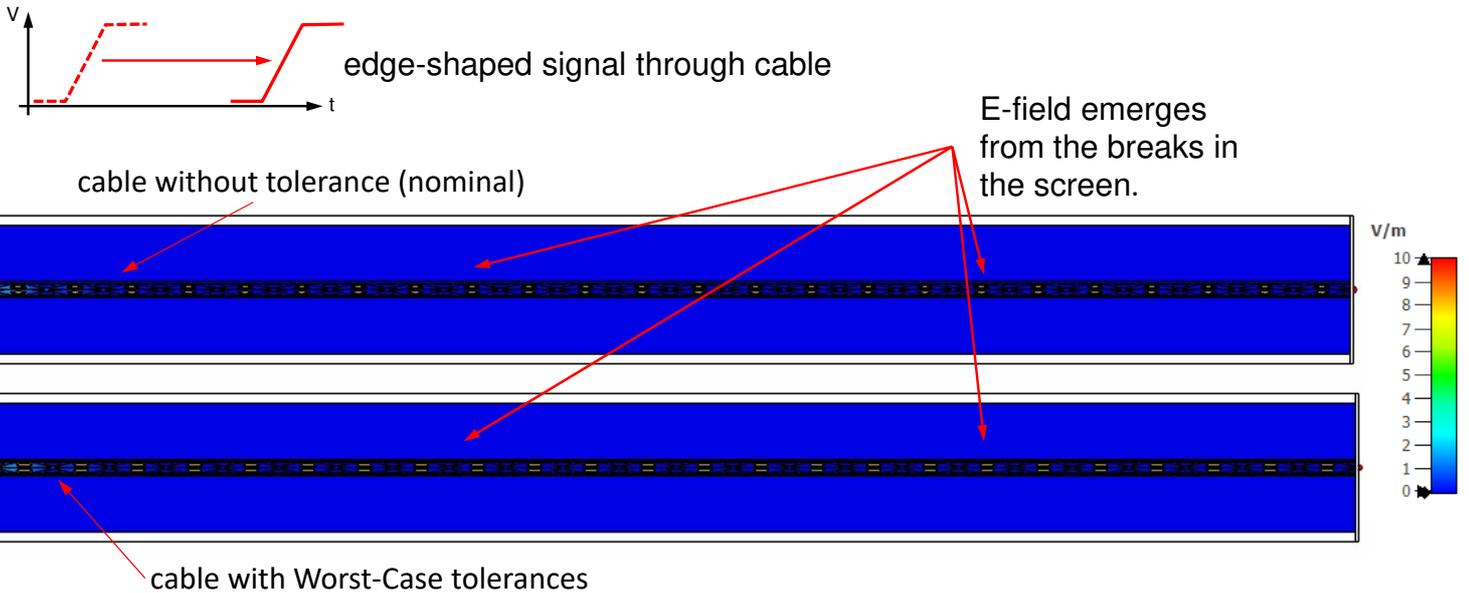


- TCL and a_c are below the limits of the cable class with the lowest requirements
- in the range up to 20 MHz only → Cable suitable for IEC61156-13/14 up to 20MHz.
- Measurement curves stay between the simulated values with the ideal nominal parameters and the worst-case parameters.

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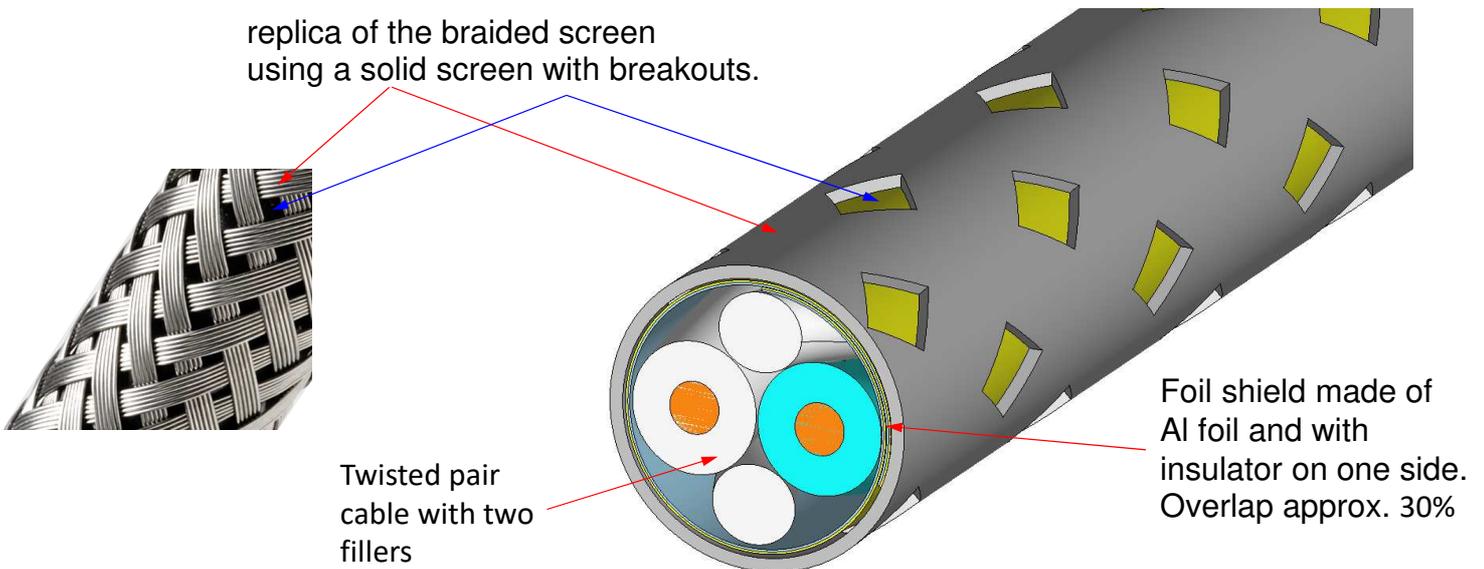
Propagation of Disturbance in the Cable & Radiation



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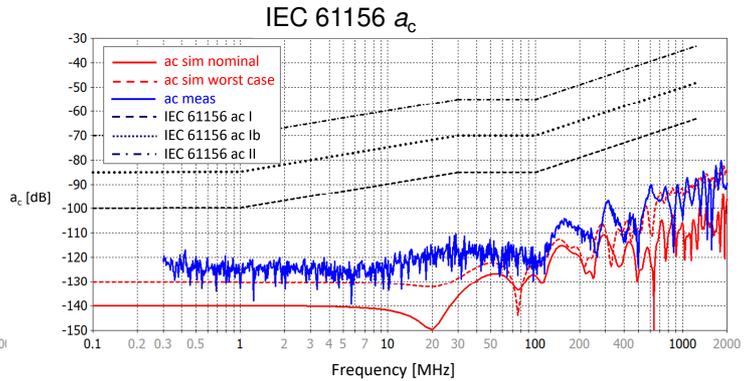
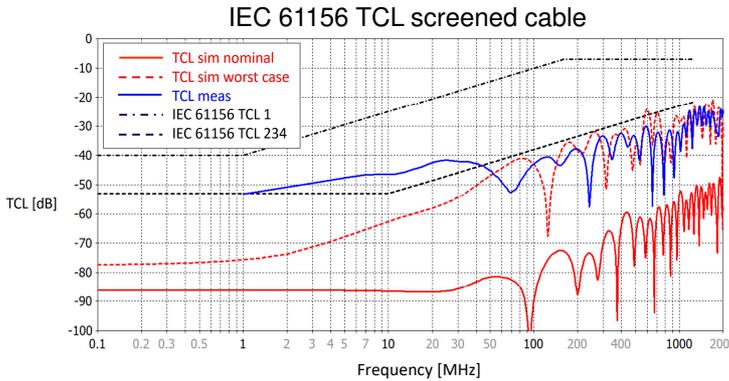
Double Screened STP cable



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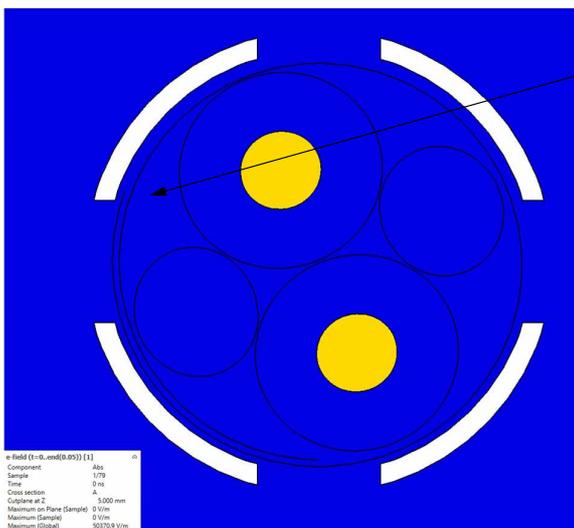
Comparison Measurement – Simulation, TCL and a_c



- Good match between measurement – worst case simulation for TCL and a_c .
- Simulation method with simulation of the thin foil screen and the approximation of the braided shield allows a good prediction of the radiation behavior of a cable construction.

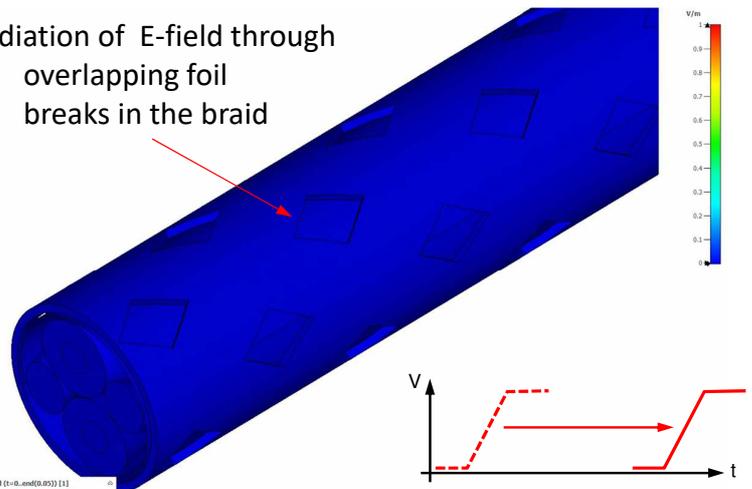
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Propagation of Interference in the Cable and Radiation



Radiation of E-field through

1. overlapping foil
2. breaks in the braid



Edge-shaped signal through the cable

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Conclusion

- Identical procedure (triaxial method) for simulation and measurement:
 - ◆ Simulation of the standardized arrangement produces realistic EMC characteristics for comparison with the given limits.
 - ◆ Visualization of defects and regions of poor shielding → input for design
 - ◆ Cheap and effective design process
- Cables with very good shielding properties can be reproduced with high accuracy using 3D simulation
- Statements about the screening characteristics can be made even before patterns are available.

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Literature and Standards

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- [9] IEC 62153-4-7, Test method for measuring transfer impedance and screening attenuation or coupling attenuation on connectors and cable assemblies

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